

Financial Statements
June 30, 2018

**North Lake Tahoe Fire
Protection District**

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT, NEVADA
JUNE 30, 2018**

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District
Incline Village, Nevada

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Notes 1 and 13 to the financial statements, North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which has resulted in a restatement of the net position as of July 1, 2017. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Correction of Errors

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, certain errors occurred in the determination or classification of payments to satisfy employee contribution requirements in the adoption, as of July 1, 2016 of GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – An amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*, resulting in the overstatement of amounts previously reported for deferred outflows of resources, net pension liability-related amounts for the year ended June 30, 2017, and were discovered by management during the current year based on communications from the Public Employee’s Retirement System of Nevada (PERS), including a restated Schedule of Employer Allocations for GASB 82 Implementation. Accordingly, amounts for deferred outflows of resources, net pension liability-related amounts have resulted in a restatement of net position as of July 1, 2017. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements, certain errors occurred in the recognition of accounts receivable, resulting in an understatement of amounts previously reported for accounts receivable for the year ended June 30, 2017, and were discovered by management during the current year. Accordingly, amounts for accounts receivable have resulted in a restatement of net position as of July 1, 2017. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management’s discussion and analysis on pages 4A-4G, the General Fund budgetary comparison on pages 43-44, the Schedule of Changes in the District’s OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 45, the Schedule of District Contributions - OPEB on page 46, the Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 47, and the Schedule of the District’s Contributions - Pension on page 47, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management’s discussion and analysis, the Schedule of Changes in the District’s OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of District Contributions – OPEB, the Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the District’s Contributions - Pension in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The General Fund budgetary comparison information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The individual fund budget and actual schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund budget and actual schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, individual budget and actual schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Prior Year Comparative Information

The individual fund financial statements and schedules related to the 2017 financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2017 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. The statements and schedules referred to above are consistent in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Reno, Nevada
November 30, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District's (the District) finances, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District's governmental activities exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,136,533, resulting in a negative net position.
- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District's business-type activities exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,075,311, resulting in a negative net position as discussed above.
- The assessed valuation of the District's property tax base increased by 5.55% over last year's assessed value. The District's consolidated tax revenues increased by 5.79% this fiscal year.
- In March 2016, one of the Ambulance Fund rescue units was involved in a non-injury accident. The District was not at fault. The insurance claim has been resolved, after the District asked the State of Nevada, Department of Insurance to intervene. In 2018, the District wrote off the balance of the rescue unit of \$16,142.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources (as applicable), with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave and other compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and net pension related items).

Both of the government-wide financial statements show the public safety function of the District, which is principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities). All governmental activities of the District are included in the public safety function and all business-type activities are included in Ambulance activities, a component of public safety (business-type activities), since the District is a single-purpose entity.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 5 and 6 of the report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District has governmental and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of government funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

For the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the District maintained three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 5-10 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The District maintains one proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for its ambulance operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the Ambulance Fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the District. The enterprise fund data is shown elsewhere in the report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

The District adopts an annual budget for each of its funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14-41 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary comparison information, the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide postemployment benefits, and information on the District's share of the net pension liability for PERS along with the information for the District's contributions to PERS. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 42-46 of this report.

Accounting Changes.

As of July 1, 2017, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The implementation of this standard replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, and requires governments to calculate and report the costs and obligations associated with postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) in their basic financial statements, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. Beginning net position was restated to retroactively remove the prior OPEB liability reported under GASB Statement No. 45 and adopt the provisions of GASB Statements No. 75 to report the beginning OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the measurement date.

During 2018, the District identified misstatements in the June 30, 2017 financial statements related to the determination or classification of payments to satisfy employee contribution requirements in the adoption, as of July 1, 2016, of GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – An amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*. Based on the restated Schedule of Employer Allocations for GASB 82 implementation provided by the Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS), the beginning net pension was restated as of July 1, 2017 to report the previous overstatement of the balances reported for deferred outflows of resources (net pension related) at June 30, 2017.

During 2018, the District identified misstatements in the June 30, 2017 financial statements related to the recognition of receivables due from the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District OPEB Trust. Based on these misstatements, beginning net position was restated as of July 1, 2017 to report the previous understatement of the balances reported for accounts receivable at June 30, 2017.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Condensed versions of the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2018 and 2017 are presented below.

North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$12,083,902	\$ 10,181,826	\$ 464,924	\$ 229,380	\$ 12,548,826	\$ 10,411,206
Capital assets	6,019,598	6,476,731	900,752	851,818	6,920,350	7,328,549
Total assets	18,103,500	16,658,557	1,365,676	1,081,198	19,469,176	17,739,755
Deferred outflows of Resources	4,271,789	3,637,319	430,599	656,761	4,702,388	4,294,080
Noncurrent liabilities	24,638,373	19,699,655	2,604,401	2,507,628	27,242,774	22,207,283
Other liabilities	722,543	739,793	104,913	81,860	827,456	821,653
Total liabilities	25,360,916	20,439,448	2,709,314	2,589,488	28,070,230	23,028,936
Deferred inflows of Resources	1,150,906	1,048,987	162,272	253,415	1,313,178	1,302,402
Net assets:						
Net investment in capital assets	3,222,598	3,253,731	900,752	851,818	\$4,123,350	4,105,549
Restricted for:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	502,993	-	-	-	502,993
Unrestricted	(7,359,131)	(4,949,283)	(1,976,063)	(1,956,762)	(9,335,194)	(6,906,045)
Total Net Position	(\$4,136,533)	(\$1,192,559)	(\$1,075,311)	(1,104,944)	(\$5,211,844)	(\$2,297,503)

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Although recognizing net pension liability related amounts indicates a deterioration of the District's financial position, the reader should be aware that the liability relating to the PERS is currently paid by the District as a portion of employees' salaries throughout each year. The District will not be required to pay this entire amount at one time unless unforeseen circumstances arise. Total assets and deferred outflows of the District at June 30, 2018 were \$24,171,564 an increase of \$2,137,729 from fiscal year 2017, with capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation accounting for \$6,920,350 of the 2018 fiscal year total and \$7,328,549 of the 2017 fiscal year total. Deferred outflows of resources for 2018 are \$4,702,388 an increase of \$408,308 from fiscal year 2017 of \$4,294,080. The increase is directly related to the net pension and OPEB related amounts recognized in 2018.

Total liabilities at the end of fiscal year 2018 were \$28,070,230 and 23,028,936 at the end of fiscal year 2017, an increase of \$5,041,294 again related to reporting the net pension liability and OPEB related amounts as of June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the District's net position was (\$5,211,844). This is a decrease in net position of \$2,914,341 from fiscal year 2017 balance of (\$2,297,503). As was explained above, the negative net position is related to the recognition of the long-term liability for the District's obligation in the Public Employees' Retirement System and other post-employment benefits.

North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District's Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,076,596	\$ 2,825,280	\$ 841,088	\$ 625,439	\$ 3,917,684	\$ 3,450,719
Operating grants, interest and contributions	458,629	186,239			458,629	186,239
Capital grants/contributions	-	12,500	49,180	169,679	49,180	182,179
General revenues:						
Property taxes	8,712,031	8,414,850	-	-	8,712,031	8,414,850
Consolidated taxes	3,828,914	3,619,224	-	-	3,828,914	3,619,224
Other taxes	681,530	638,005	-	-	681,530	638,005
Unrestricted interest income	82,568	27,814	610	807	83,178	28,621
Other	40,000	40,000	-	-	40,000	40,000
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	23,757	3,871	1,892	3,871	25,649
Total Revenues	16,880,268	15,787,669	894,749	797,817	17,775,017	16,585,486
Expenses:						
Public Safety	13,774,396	13,361,427	-	-	13,774,396	13,361,427
Interest on long-term debt	105,626	86,262			105,626	86,262
Ambulance services	-	-	2,235,129	1,991,818	2,235,129	1,991,818
Total expenses	13,880,022	13,447,689	2,235,129	1,991,818	16,115,151	15,439,507
Change in net assets	3,000,246	2,339,980	(1,340,380)	(1,194,001)	1,659,866	1,145,979
Transfers	(1,567,993)	(1,540,581)	1,567,993	1,540,581	-	-
Change in net assets	1,432,253	799,399	227,613	346,580	1,659,866	1,145,979
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(1,192,559)	(1,991,958)	(1,104,944)	(1,451,524)	(2,297,503)	(3,443,482)
Prior Period Adjustment	(4,376,227)	-	(197,980)	-	(4,574,207)	-
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated	(5,568,786)	-	(1,302,924)	-	(6,871,710)	-
Net Position, End of Year	(\$4,136,533)	(\$1,192,559)	(\$1,075,311)	(\$1,104,944)	(\$5,211,844)	(\$2,297,503)

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

As such, revenues and expenses are reported in this Statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, earned but unused vacation leave and net pension related amounts). Total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$17,775,017 and consisted primarily of taxes and intergovernmental revenues. This represents a \$1,189,531 increase over fiscal year 2017 total revenues of \$16,585,486. The increase is mainly related to an increase in property taxes of \$297,181, consolidated taxes of \$209,690 and fuels management grant and mutual aid reimbursements of \$272,390. The Ambulance charges for services are up from the previous year by \$215,649. Total expenses for fiscal year 2018 were \$16,115,151, an increase of \$675,644 over fiscal year 2017 expenses of \$15,439,507. The increase relates to an increase of salaries and wages and compensated absences of \$639,372. Although the District is not staffed to budget, in past two years the District has promoted personnel and hired firefighter

paramedics, a Fire inspector II and a Compliance Officer. With the increase in personnel and the past fire season, salaries have increased, with most of these increases offset by mutual aid reimbursements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year or available for use in unexpected circumstances.

At the close of the fiscal year 2018 the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,911,438, an increase of \$1,850,993 when compared to the close of fiscal year 2017. Of the \$10,911,438 combined ending fund balance, \$9,691,278 is unassigned.

The increase from the prior fiscal year in the District's combined governmental fund balances of \$1,850,993 as noted above is due to an increase in the General Fund ending fund balance of \$2,631,485; a decrease in the Debt Service Fund ending fund balance of \$502,993 and a decrease in the Capital Projects Fund ending fund balance of \$277,499.

The \$2,631,485 increase in the General Fund is due to a combination of items: (1) An increase in revenues of \$769,015 due to an increase in property tax, consolidated tax, and fuels management grant revenue; (2) A decrease in transfers out of the General Fund of \$734,255 and a decrease in overall expenditures; (3) An increase of \$252,197 due to the restatement of a prior period, as explained in Note 13. The decrease in the Debt Service Fund of \$502,993 is because no transfers were made from the General Fund to the Debt Service. The \$277,499 decrease in the Capital Projects Fund was due to a transfer of \$167,993 to the Ambulance Fund for the purchase of cardiac monitors. The balance of the decrease was due to the purchase of radios and a utility vehicle.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District and at June 30, 2018, the fund balance was \$10,729,322. General Fund revenues exceeded the budget by 7.19%. Salaries, wages and benefits were under budget by \$351,362 due to unfilled positions. Service and supplies expenditures were under budget by \$3,352,264 mainly because the District budgeted to repay the taxpayers of Incline Village and Crystal Bay \$3,050,000 for property tax refunds and interest. The court case has not been resolved; therefore, the payments were not made.

Proprietary Funds. The accounting records for the Proprietary Funds are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized at the time they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred. The measurement focus of these funds is on capital maintenance, where the revenues derived from current operations are generally intended to provide those resources necessary to maintain continued delivery of such services in future periods.

The proprietary fund for the District is the Ambulance Fund, which accounts for the emergency medical services operations of the District. The net position for this fund increased \$29,633 in the 2017-2018 fiscal year, due to the Ground Emergency Medical Transport cost reimbursement from Medicaid of \$180,788, a transfer in from the Capital Projects Fund that was \$167,993 larger than expected and a decrease of \$197,980 for a prior period adjustment that is explained in Note 13

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets: The District's capital assets at June 30, 2018 were \$6,920,350 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment. The decrease in capital assets is related to depreciation. Detailed information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-term liabilities: At the end of the fiscal year, the District had total outstanding long-term liabilities of \$27,242,774. The District's outstanding liabilities included accrued compensated absences for \$1,321,205, unfunded liability of Other Post-employment Benefits of \$7,385,981, a net pension liability of \$15,583,104 and \$2,797,000 in general obligation bonds, and medium term financing debt. In addition, the District owed a sales tax refund of \$155,484 at June 30, 2018. Detailed information regarding long-term liabilities can be found in Note 5, Note 7 and Note 11.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The District relies primarily on two types of tax revenues. The first of these is ad valorem or property taxes and is directly affected by the assessed property tax values in Incline Village and Crystal Bay, Nevada. Property tax revenues are projected to increase for 2018-2019 as property values increased by 2.67% for the coming fiscal year. The District's property tax rate is .6291 for fiscal year 2018-2019, the same as the previous five years.
- The second significant tax revenue for the District, the consolidated tax, consists primarily of sales taxes. For the year ended June 30, 2018, taxable sales in Washoe County increased by 4.5% over the previous fiscal year. The District continues to budget sales tax revenue conservatively. The District's 2018-2019 budget is based on actual sales tax revenue collected for 2016-2017.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Business Manager, 866 Oriole Way, Incline Village, Nevada 89451.

NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 9,856,550	\$ 164,877	\$ 10,021,427
Accounts receivable, net	341,675	242,406	584,081
Property taxes receivable	61,288	-	61,288
Due from other governments	1,744,345	-	1,744,345
Prepaid expense	80,044	57,641	137,685
Capital assets:			
Land	1,019,283	30,588	1,049,871
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	5,000,315	870,164	5,870,479
Total Assets	<u>18,103,500</u>	<u>1,365,676</u>	<u>19,469,176</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Net pension - related amounts	2,969,471	430,599	3,400,070
OPEB - related amounts	1,161,806	-	1,161,806
Deferred charge on refunding	140,512	-	140,512
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>4,271,789</u>	<u>430,599</u>	<u>4,702,388</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	106,744	31,704	138,448
Accrued liabilities	601,633	73,209	674,842
Accrued interest	14,166	-	14,166
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	943,305	66,308	1,009,613
Due in more than one year	3,254,293	9,783	3,264,076
Net pension liability	13,054,794	2,528,310	15,583,104
Other postemployment benefits	7,385,981	-	7,385,981
Total Liabilities	<u>25,360,916</u>	<u>2,709,314</u>	<u>28,070,230</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB - related amounts	31,853	-	31,853
Net pension - related amounts	1,119,053	162,272	1,281,325
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,150,906</u>	<u>162,272</u>	<u>1,313,178</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	3,222,598	900,752	4,123,350
Unrestricted	(7,359,131)	(1,976,063)	(9,335,194)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (4,136,533)</u>	<u>\$ (1,075,311)</u>	<u>\$ (5,211,844)</u>

See accompanying notes.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	PROGRAM REVENUES			
	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants, Interest, Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants, Interest, Contributions</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Public safety	\$ 13,774,396	\$ 3,076,596	\$ 458,629	\$ -
Interest on long-term debt	105,626	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	<u>13,880,022</u>	<u>3,076,596</u>	<u>458,629</u>	<u>-</u>
Business-Type Activities:				
Ambulance	2,235,129	841,088	-	49,180
Total	<u>\$ 16,115,151</u>	<u>\$ 3,917,684</u>	<u>\$ 458,629</u>	<u>\$ 49,180</u>

General Revenues:

 Ad valorem taxes

 Consolidated tax

 SCCR taxes- AB104

 Unrestricted interest income

 Miscellaneous

 Gain on the sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS ORIGINALLY STATED

RESTATEMENTS

NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED

NET POSITION, END OF YEAR

See accompanying notes.

**NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (10,239,171)	\$ -	\$ (10,239,171)
(105,626)	-	(105,626)
(10,344,797)	-	(10,344,797)
-	(1,344,861)	(1,344,861)
(10,344,797)	(1,344,861)	(11,689,658)
8,712,031	-	8,712,031
3,828,914	-	3,828,914
681,530	-	681,530
82,568	610	83,178
40,000	-	40,000
-	3,871	3,871
(1,567,993)	1,567,993	-
11,777,050	1,572,474	13,349,524
1,432,253	227,613	1,659,866
(1,192,559)	(1,104,944)	(2,297,503)
(4,376,227)	(197,980)	(4,574,207)
(5,568,786)	(1,302,924)	(6,871,710)
\$ (4,136,533)	\$ (1,075,311)	\$ (5,211,844)

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET
JUNE 30, 2018**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 9,663,371	\$ -	\$ 193,179	\$ 9,856,550
Accounts receivable	341,675	-	-	341,675
Property taxes receivable	61,288	-	-	61,288
Due from other governments	1,744,345	-	-	1,744,345
Prepaid expense	80,044	-	-	80,044
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 11,890,723</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 193,179</u>	<u>\$ 12,083,902</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 106,159	\$ -	\$ 585	\$ 106,744
Accrued liabilities	591,155	-	10,478	601,633
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	<u>697,314</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,063</u>	<u>708,377</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - delinquent property taxes	61,288	-	-	61,288
Unavailable revenue - project reimbursements	278,101	-	-	278,101
Unavailable revenue - miscellaneous	41,766	-	-	41,766
Unavailable revenue - mutual aid reimbursements	82,932	-	-	82,932
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>464,087</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>464,087</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	80,044	-	-	80,044
Committed	-	-	182,116	182,116
Assigned	958,001	-	-	958,001
Unassigned	9,691,277	-	-	9,691,277
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>10,729,322</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>182,116</u>	<u>10,911,438</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 11,890,723</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 193,179</u>	<u>\$ 12,083,902</u>

See accompanying notes.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2018**

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 10,911,438

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets	\$ 18,574,042	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(12,554,444)	
		6,019,598

Deferred outflows of resources is the consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so is not recognized as an outflow of resources until then.

Deferred outflow on funding escrow		140,512
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Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Medium term financing payable	(630,000)	
Bonds payable	(2,167,000)	
Accrued interest	(14,166)	
Net pension liability	(13,054,794)	
Sales tax refund	(155,484)	
Compensated absences	(1,245,114)	
Other postemployment benefits obligation	(7,385,981)	
		(24,652,539)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	1,161,806	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(31,853)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	2,969,471	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,119,053)	
		2,980,371

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time by governmental funds.

Deferred inflows related to property taxes and reimbursements		464,087

Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ (4,136,533)

See accompanying notes.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 8,709,331	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,709,331
Intergovernmental	4,969,073	-	-	4,969,073
Miscellaneous	3,086,515	-	40,000	3,126,515
	<u>16,764,919</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,000</u>	<u>16,804,919</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	12,985,631	-	-	12,985,631
Capital outlay	-	-	149,506	149,506
Debt service:				
Principal	-	426,000	-	426,000
Interest	-	76,993	-	76,993
	<u>12,985,631</u>	<u>502,993</u>	<u>149,506</u>	<u>13,638,130</u>
	<u>12,985,631</u>	<u>502,993</u>	<u>149,506</u>	<u>13,638,130</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	3,779,288	(502,993)	(109,506)	3,166,789
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers:				
Transfers out	(1,400,000)	-	(167,993)	(1,567,993)
	<u>(1,400,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(167,993)</u>	<u>(1,567,993)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>2,379,288</u>	<u>(502,993)</u>	<u>(277,499)</u>	<u>1,598,796</u>
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS ORIGINALLY STATED				
	8,097,837	502,993	459,615	9,060,445
RESTATEMENT				
	<u>252,197</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>252,197</u>
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED				
	<u>8,350,034</u>	<u>502,993</u>	<u>459,615</u>	<u>9,312,642</u>
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR				
	<u>\$ 10,729,322</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 182,116</u>	<u>\$ 10,911,438</u>

See accompanying notes.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,598,796
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p>		
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and the proceeds from the sale of assets as other financing sources. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and only the gain or loss is recorded when assets are sold.</p>		
Additions to capital assets	\$ 149,506	
Less: Current year depreciation	<u>(606,639)</u>	(457,133)
<p>Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.</p>		
Change in deferred inflows of resources		75,349
<p>Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Repayments of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which debt issued exceeded repayments.</p>		
Change in accrued interest	(7,016)	
Principal payments	<u>426,000</u>	418,984
<p>Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.</p>		
Change in long-term compensated absences	(350,215)	
Change in sales tax refund	(155,484)	
Change in deferred outflows	<u>(21,617)</u>	(527,316)
<p>Governmental funds report the District PERS and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and other post-employment benefits earned is reported as pension or OPEB expense.</p>		
District OPEB contributions	1,161,806	
District OPEB expense	(757,133)	
District OPEB implicit subsidy	138,208	
District PERS contributions	961,888	
District pension expense	<u>(1,181,196)</u>	<u>323,573</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	<u><u>1,432,253</u></u>

See accompanying notes.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
 AMBULANCE FUND
 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 PROPRIETARY FUND
 JUNE 30, 2018**

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 164,877
Accounts receivable, net	242,406
Prepaid expense	57,641
	464,924
Total Current Assets	464,924
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	30,588
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	870,164
	900,752
Total Noncurrent Assets	900,752
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Net pension - related amounts	430,599
	430,599
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	31,704
Accrued salaries and benefits	73,209
Compensated absences	66,308
	171,221
Total Current Liabilities	171,221
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net pension liability	2,528,310
Compensated absences	9,783
	2,538,093
Total Non-Current Liabilities	2,538,093
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net pension - related amounts	162,272
	162,272
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,871,586
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	900,752
Unrestricted	(1,976,063)
	(1,075,311)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,075,311)

See accompanying notes.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
 AMBULANCE FUND
 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
 PROPRIETARY FUND
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Ambulance fees, net of bad debt	\$ 582,744
Paramedic education	77,556
Ground emergency medical transport	180,788
Total Operating Revenues	841,088
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and wages	941,552
Employee benefits	622,848
Services and supplies	507,269
Depreciation	163,460
Total Operating Expenses	2,235,129
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,394,041)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest revenue	610
Gain on sale of capital assets	3,871
Grant revenue	49,180
Total Nonoperating Revenues	53,661
Income (Loss) before Transfers	(1,340,380)
TRANSFERS	
Transfers in	1,567,993
Changes in Net Position	227,613
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS ORIGINALLY STATED	(1,104,944)
RESTATEMENT	(197,980)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	(1,302,924)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (1,075,311)

See accompanying notes.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
AMBULANCE FUND
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash received from patients	\$ 555,610
Cash received from others	258,344
Cash payments for salaries and benefits	(1,523,704)
Cash payments for services and supplies	(539,970)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,249,720)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers from other funds	1,400,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition of capital assets	(247,021)
Transfers from other funds	167,993
Sale of capital assets	38,498
Grant proceeds	49,180
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	8,650
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest on investments	610
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	159,540
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,337
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 164,877
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,394,041)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	163,460
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(27,134)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense	(48,870)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	16,169
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits	6,884
Increase (decrease) in pension related items	31,799
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	2,013
Total Adjustments	144,321
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (1,249,720)

See accompanying notes.

NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Reporting Entity:

North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District (District) is a municipality of the State of Nevada located in Washoe County, Nevada. The District is under the direct jurisdiction of the Board of Directors of North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District.

Accounting Changes

As of July 1, 2017, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The implementation of this standard replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, and requires governments to calculate and report the costs and obligations associated with postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) in their basic financial statements. Employers are required to recognize OPEB amounts for all benefits provided through the plan which include the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 13 and the additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Note 10.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information about the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function/activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function/activity and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function/activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from an exchange transaction such as providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Nonoperating revenues and nonoperating expenses result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary services.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and the enterprise fund (also, a major fund) are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary fund. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The District's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. When revenues are due, but will not be collected within this 60 day period, the receivable is recorded and an offsetting deferred inflow of resources is established. Deferred inflows of resources also arise when the government receives resources before it has legal claim to them, and thus in subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow of resources is removed and revenue is recognized. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of funds for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.
- The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets.

The District has one proprietary fund, which is considered to be a major enterprise fund:

- The Ambulance Fund accounts for the operations of the District's ambulance service.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018**

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

Budget Policies:

North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District adheres to the Local Government Budget and Finance Act incorporated within the statutes of the State of Nevada, which include the following major procedures to establish the budgetary data, which is reflected in these financial statements:

1. On or before April 15, the Board of Directors files a tentative budget with the Nevada Department of Taxation for all funds.
2. Public hearings on the tentative budget are held in the third week in May.
3. Prior to June 1, at a public hearing, the Board indicates changes, if any, to be made to the tentative budget and adopts a final budget by the favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board. The final budget must then be forwarded to the Nevada Tax Commission for approval. In any year in which legislative action, which was not anticipated, affects the local government's final budget, the Board may file an amended final budget before August 15 of the budget year.
4. Formal budgetary integration in the financial records of all funds is employed to enhance management control during the year.
5. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
6. Budget amounts within funds, and between funds, may be transferred if amounts do not exceed the original budget. Such transfers are to be approved by the Board of Directors.
7. Budget augmentations in excess of original budgetary amounts may not be made without prior approval of the Board of Directors, following a scheduled and noticed public hearing. Such augmentations become effective upon receipt of a resolution by the Nevada Department of Taxation.
8. In accordance with state statute, actual expenditures generally may not exceed budgetary appropriations of the public safety function of the General Fund. State statutes do not require that debt service payments (Debt Service Fund) be limited by the budget. Also, state statutes generally do not require that capital payments (Capital Projects Fund) be limited by the budget. Actual expenses of the Proprietary Funds may not exceed the sum of budgeted operating and nonoperating expenses.

NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity:

Cash Deposited and Invested:

Cash balances from all funds are combined and, to the extent practicable, invested as permitted by law. Investments are carried at fair value.

Pursuant to NRS 355.170, the District may only invest in the following types of securities:

- Certain “A” rated notes and bonds purchased by a registered broker-dealer that are issued by corporations organized and operating in the United States and that mature within five (5) years from the date of purchase; asset-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations rated “AAA” or higher by a nationally recognized rating service. These investments must not, in the aggregate, exceed 20 percent of the total portfolio at the time of purchase, nor include notes and bonds issued by any one corporation in excess of 25 percent of such investments.
- United States bonds and debentures maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- Certain farm loan bonds.
- Bills and notes of the United States Treasury, maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- Obligations of an agency of the United States or a corporation sponsored by the government, maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- Obligations of state and local governments if, (1) the interest is exempt for federal income tax purposes, and (2) the obligation has been rated "A" or higher by a nationally recognized bond credit rating agency.
- Negotiable and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit from commercial banks and insured savings and loan associations.
- State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool.
- Certain securities issued by local governments of the State of Nevada.
- Certain bankers' acceptances.
- Certain short-term paper issued by a corporation organized and operating in the United States.
- Other securities expressly provided by other statutes, including repurchase agreements.
- Certain "AAA" rated mutual funds that invest in (1) securities issued by the Federal Government or agencies of the Federal Government, (2) Master, bank notes or other short-term commercial paper rated as “A-1” or “P-1” issued by a corporation or depository institution organized, licensed and operating in the United States and/or (3) Repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by (1) and (2) above.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments, generally with original maturities of three months or less. All cash and investments are considered to be cash equivalents.

NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

Property Taxes Receivable:

Real property taxes receivable reflect only those taxes receivable from the delinquent roll years. Delinquent taxes from all roll years prior to 2016-17 have been written off. No provision for uncollectible accounts has been established since management does not anticipate any material collection loss in respect to the remaining balances.

Personal property taxes receivable reflect only those taxes management believes to be collectible. Delinquent taxes from all other prior years have been written off.

Amounts not collected within 60 days after year end have been recorded as unavailable revenue at the governmental fund level.

Receivables:

The allowance method is used to provide for estimated uncollectible amounts in the Ambulance Fund. At June 30, 2018, the allowance for uncollectible accounts was \$226,554.

The District has not established an allowance for uncollectible receivables for Governmental Funds since prior experience has shown that uncollectible receivables are not significant.

Inventory/Prepaid Expense:

For all funds, the District charges consumable supplies against appropriations at the time of purchase. Any inventories of such supplies at June 30 are not material to the individual funds and are not recognized in these financial statements.

When payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, they are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, and vehicles and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements and the enterprise fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 for office equipment and tools, \$2,000 for equipment, \$3,000 for buildings and land improvements, \$5,000 for construction and remodel projects and a normal useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
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Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	25
Buildings and improvements	15-25
Vehicles and equipment	3-10

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position/Governmental Funds Balance Sheet may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has the following items that fall under this category:

- The deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- The OPEB related amounts reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the OPEB liability. This item is deferred and recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the subsequent year.
- The Net pension related amounts reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from the differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in the District's proportionate share, changes of assumptions or other inputs, and the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability. These items are deferred and recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet Governmental Funds may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

- The OPEB related amounts reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from differences between projected and actual earnings. This item is deferred and recognized as an increase to the OPEB liability in subsequent periods.
- The Net pension related amounts reported in the government-wide statement of net position results from differences between expected and actual experience and changes in the District's proportionate share. These items are deferred and recognized as an increase in the net pension liability in subsequent periods.
- Unavailable revenue is reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and other revenue items. These items are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

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Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS) Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Long-Term Liabilities:

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts and prepaid bond insurance, if applicable, are amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed during the current period.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of bonds issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses, when applicable. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences:

The costs involved in vacation time and sick leave benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements; costs are recorded as payroll costs only when the accumulated benefits are paid or accrued as a result of a termination of service.

Upon death, permanent disability, or termination of an employee after two years of full-time service, all personnel, whether union or non-union, shall be compensated for 50% (75% upon retirement) of accrued sick leave in accordance with the employment contract in effect and District policy.

Equity Classifications:

In the governmental-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

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- Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that does not meet the definition of “restricted” or “net investment in capital assets.”

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified in the following components:

- Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the law or regulations of other governments.
- Committed – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to actions passed by the Board of Directors, which is the District’s highest level of decision making authority. A similar action is required to rescind or modify a commitment.
- Assigned – Amounts that the District intends to use for a specific purpose, that do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the District’s policy, amounts may be assigned by the Business Manager under the authorization of the Board of Directors.
- Unassigned – all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Director’s has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Property Taxes:

All real property in the District is assigned a parcel number in accordance with state law, with each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. A factoring system is used to adjust the appraised value during the years between physical appraisals. The valuation of the property and its improvements is being assessed at 35 percent of "taxable value" as defined by statute. The amount of tax levied is determined by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in

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which the property is located. The maximum tax rate was established in the State Constitution at \$5 per \$100 of assessed valuation; however, as a result of the legislative action, the tax rate was further limited to \$3.64 per \$100 of assessed valuation, except in cases of severe financial emergency defined in NRS 354.705.

Taxes on real property are a lien on the property and attach on July 1 of the year for which the taxes are levied. Taxes may be paid in four installments payable on the third Monday in August, and the first Mondays in October, January, and March, to the Treasurer of Washoe County. Penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a two-year waiting period, if taxes remain unpaid, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the County with a lien for back taxes and accumulated charges. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest, and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation and tax rates described above.

The major classifications of personal property are commercial and mobile homes. In Washoe County, taxes on motor vehicles are collected by a State agency and remitted to the District as part of Consolidated Tax revenue.

NOTE 2 – Compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) and the Nevada Administrative Code (NAC):

The District conformed to all significant statutory and Nevada Administrative Code constraints on its financial administration during the year. Actual operating expenses in the Ambulance Fund exceeded appropriations by \$108,708, which appears to be an apparent violation of NRS 354.626, however it is covered under one of the exclusions to NRS 354.626.

NOTE 3 – Cash and Investments:

As of June 30, 2018, the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District had the following investments and maturities:

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>
Investments:	
State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$ 8,105,242*
Total Cash	<u>1,916,185</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 10,021,427</u></u>

* Represents average weighted maturity of 142 days

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The District is a voluntary participant in the State of Nevada Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which has regulatory oversight from the Board of Finance of the State of Nevada. The District's investment in the LGIP is reported at fair value. The District's investment in the LGIP is equal to its original investment plus monthly allocations of interest income, and realized and unrealized gains and losses, which is the same as the value of the pool shares.

As noted, Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS 355.170) set forth acceptable investments for Nevada local governments. The District has not adopted a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices nor further limit its exposure to certain risks as set forth below.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk of possible reduction in the value of a security, especially a bond, resulting from a rise in interest rates. As noted above, the District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates beyond those specified in the Statute.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation and is a function of the credit quality rating of investments. The LGIP is an unrated external investment pool and as noted above, the District does not have a formal investment policy that specifies minimum acceptable credit ratings.

Custodial Credit Risk on Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's bank deposits are covered by FDIC insurance and collateralized by the office of the State Treasurer/Nevada Collateral Pool.

Investment income has been allocated to funds pursuant to the provisions of NRS 355.170 – 175, which allow income from investments associated with one fund to be assigned to another fund.

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NOTE 4 – Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	<u>Balance July 1, 2017</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2018</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,019,283	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,019,283
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	99,428	-	-	99,428
Buildings and building improvements	9,923,046	15,378	-	9,938,424
Vehicles and equipment	<u>7,382,779</u>	<u>134,128</u>	-	<u>7,516,907</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>17,405,253</u>	<u>149,506</u>	-	<u>17,554,759</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(99,428)	-	-	(99,428)
Buildings and building improvements	(5,815,342)	(331,332)	-	(6,146,674)
Vehicles and equipment	<u>(6,033,035)</u>	<u>(275,307)</u>	-	<u>(6,308,342)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(11,947,805)</u>	<u>(606,639)</u>	-	<u>(12,554,444)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>5,457,448</u>	<u>(457,133)</u>	-	<u>5,000,315</u>
Governmental activities capital assets net	<u>\$ 6,476,731</u>	<u>\$ (457,133)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,019,598</u>

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
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	<u>Balance July 1, 2017</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2018</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 30,588	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,588
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	338,550	-	-	338,550
Vehicles and equipment	<u>1,360,137</u>	<u>247,021</u>	<u>(216,740)</u>	<u>1,390,418</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>1,698,687</u>	<u>247,021</u>	<u>(216,740)</u>	<u>1,728,968</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(291,153)	(13,542)	-	(304,695)
Vehicles and equipment	<u>(586,304)</u>	<u>(149,918)</u>	<u>182,113</u>	<u>(554,109)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(877,457)</u>	<u>(163,460)</u>	<u>182,113</u>	<u>(858,804)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>821,230</u>	<u>83,561</u>	<u>(34,627)</u>	<u>870,164</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 851,818</u>	<u>\$ 83,561</u>	<u>\$ (34,627)</u>	<u>\$ 900,752</u>

Depreciation expense of \$606,639 was charged to the public safety function and \$163,460 was charged to Ambulance operations.

NOTE 5 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS). PERS administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit public employees' retirement system which includes both Regular and Police/Fire members. PERS was established by the Nevada Legislature in 1947, effective July 1, 1948. PERS is administered to provide a reasonable base income to qualified employees who have been employed by a public employer and whose earnings capacities have been removed or substantially impaired by age or disability.

Benefits Provided

Benefits, as required by the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS or statute), are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits.

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Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed as 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned on and after July 1, 2001, this multiplier is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% multiplier and for regular members entering PERS on or after July 1, 2015, there is a 2.25% factor. PERS offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death.

Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575 - .579.

Vesting

Regular members are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 62 with 10 years of service, or any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering PERS on or after July 1, 2015 are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or at age 62 with ten years of service, or at age 55 with 30 years of service, or any age with 33 1/3 years of service.

Police/Fire members are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 55 with ten years of service, at age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with twenty-five years of service. Police/Fire members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at 65 with five years of service, or age 60 with ten years of service, or age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Only service performed in a position as a police officer or firefighter may be counted towards to eligibility for retirement as Police/Fire accredited service.

The normal ceiling limitation on monthly benefits allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Both Regular and Police/Fire members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

Contributions

The authority for establishing and amending the obligation to make contributions and member contribution rates, is set by statute. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the Employer-Pay Contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983, have the option of selecting one of two contribution plans. One plan provides for matching employee and employer contributions, while the other plan provides for employer-pay contributions only. The District contributes under the employer-pay contribution (EPC) option.

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Under the Employer-Pay provisions, the contributions made by employers on behalf of employees are not credited to the member's PERS account and are not refunded upon termination. For employees covered by the Employer-Pay provisions, average compensation is increased by half the total contributions made by the District and may not be less than it would have been if contributions had been made by the member and the employer separately.

PERS' basic funding policy provides for periodic contributions at a level pattern of cost as a percentage of salary throughout an employee's working lifetime in order to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

PERS receives an actuarial valuation on an annual basis indicating the contribution rates required to fund PERS on an actuarial reserve basis. Contributions actually made are in accordance with the required rates established by the Nevada Legislature. These statutory rates are increased/decreased pursuant to NRS 286.421 and 286.450.

The actuary funding method used is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. It is intended to meet the funding objective and result in a relatively level long-term contributions requirement as a percentage of salary.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the statutory employer/employee matching rates were 14.50% for Regular and 20.75% for Police/Fire. The employer-pay contribution (EPC) rates were 28.00% for Regular and 40.50% for Police/Fire.

The District's contributions were \$1,101,370 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

PERS Investment Policy

PERS' policies which determine the investment portfolio target asset allocation are established by the PERS Board. The asset allocation is reviewed annually and is designed to meet the future risk and return needs of the System.

The following was the PERS Board adopted policy target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Geometric Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	42%	5.50%
International Equity	18%	5.75%
Domestic Fixed Income	30%	0.25%
Private Markets	10%	6.80%

As of June 30, 2017, PERS' long-term inflation assumption was 2.75%.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
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Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of \$15,583,104. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the PERS pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating PERS employers and members. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.11717%, which was an increase of .00776 from its proportion measured at June 30, 2016.

Pension Liability Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the net pension liability of the District as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.50%)
Net Pension Liability	\$23,557,303	\$15,583,104	\$8,960,407

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the PERS website (www.nvpers.org).

Actuarial Assumptions

The District's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Rate	2.75%
Payroll Growth	5.00% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Productivity Pay Increase	0.50%
Projected Salary Increases	Regular: 4.25% to 9.15%, depending on service
	Police/Fire: 4.55% to 13.9%, depending on service
	Rates include inflation and productivity increases
Consumer Price Index	2.75%
Other Assumptions	Same as those used in the June 30, 2017 funding actuarial valuation

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
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Mortality rates for healthy were based on the Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016, set forward one year for spouses and beneficiaries. For ages less than 50, mortality rates are based on the Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables. Those mortality rates are adjusted by the ratio of the mortality rate for healthy annuitants at age 50 to the mortality rate for employees at age 50. The mortality rates are then projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016. Mortality rates for disabled were based on the Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, set forward four years. Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Employee Table, projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016. The additional projection of 6 years is a provision made for future mortality improvement.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of the experience review completed in 2017.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2017, was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Changes in assumptions include changes in the inflation rate and consumer price index from 3.50% to 2.75%, changes in the investment rate of return from 8.00% to 7.50%, changes in the productivity pay increase from 0.75% to 0.50%, and changes in the projected salary increases. In addition, the mortality rates are now based on the Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Mortality Tables rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,352,477. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

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	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,022,567
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,033,791	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	101,179	-
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions	1,163,730	258,758
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,101,370	-
Total	\$ 3,400,070	\$ 1,281,325

Of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, \$1,101,370 related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2019.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through PERS (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2016 (the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2017) is 6.39 years.

Other estimated amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ 70,622
2020	(520,401)
2021	(279,747)
2022	86,303
2023	(256,313)
Thereafter	(117,839)

Additional Information

Additional information supporting the Schedule of Employer Allocations and the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer is located in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) available on the PERS website at www.nvpers.org under Quick Links – Publications.

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NOTE 6 – Fund Balances – Governmental Funds:

Under GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, fund balances are composed of the following as of June 30, 2018:

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Nonspendable:	\$ 80,044	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,044
Committed:				
Capital Projects	-	-	182,116	182,116
Assigned:				
Subsequent Year's Budget Shortfall	958,001	-	-	958,001
Unassigned	<u>9,691,277</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,691,277</u>
 Total fund balances	 <u>\$10,729,322</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ 182,116</u>	 <u>\$10,911,438</u>

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
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NOTE 7 – Long-Term Debt:

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	<u>Date of Issue</u>	<u>Original Issue</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>
Governmental Activities:			
2012 General Obligation (Limited Tax) Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	12/04/12	3,429,000	2.35%
Medium Term Financing, Series 2013	12/11/13	1,000,000	2.70%
Sales tax refund	N/A	N/A	N/A
Compensated absences	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Governmental Activities			
Business-Type Activities:			
Compensated absences	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Long-Term Debt			

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding general long-term liabilities, excluding compensated absences and other post-employment benefits, at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	<u>General Obligation</u>		<u>Medium Term Financing</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2019	\$ 336,000	\$ 50,924	\$ 100,000	\$ 15,660
2020	345,000	43,029	100,000	12,960
2021	355,000	34,921	105,000	10,192
2022	366,000	26,578	105,000	7,358
2023	379,000	17,978	110,000	4,455
2024	<u>386,000</u>	<u>9,071</u>	<u>110,000</u>	<u>1,485</u>
	<u>\$2,167,000</u>	<u>\$182,501</u>	<u>\$ 630,000</u>	<u>\$ 52,110</u>

Interest expense of \$76,993 was incurred during the 2017-2018 year for long term liabilities. Compensated absences will be liquidated from the General Fund for Governmental Activities and from the Ambulance Fund for Business-Type Activities. The General Obligation Revenue Bonds and the Medium Term Financing will be liquidated from the Debt Service Fund, after transfers from the General Fund.

The District has pledged 15% of the Consolidated Tax revenue receipts for the repayment of the General Obligation (Limited Tax) Refunding Bonds, Series 2012. The Bonds are general obligation (limited tax) bonds additionally secured by the pledged revenue. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the 2012 General Obligation Refunding bonds is \$2,349,501 through fiscal year 2024. The current year principal and interest on the 2012 Refunding Bonds was \$389,703 and the pledged revenue was \$574,337.

<u>Principal Outstanding July 1, 2017</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Principal Outstanding June 30, 2018</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
\$ 2,498,000	\$ -	\$ 331,000	\$ 2,167,000	\$ 336,000
725,000	-	95,000	630,000	100,000
-	155,484	-	155,484	103,656
<u>894,899</u>	<u>767,839</u>	<u>417,624</u>	<u>1,245,114</u>	<u>403,649</u>
<u>4,117,899</u>	<u>923,323</u>	<u>843,624</u>	<u>4,197,598</u>	<u>943,305</u>
<u>74,078</u>	<u>71,434</u>	<u>69,421</u>	<u>76,091</u>	<u>66,308</u>
<u>\$ 4,191,977</u>	<u>\$ 994,757</u>	<u>\$913,045</u>	<u>\$4,273,689</u>	<u>\$1,009,613</u>

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018**

NOTE 8 – Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

	Transfers To:
	Ambulance
<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Service Fund</u>
General Fund	\$ 1,400,000
Capital Projects Fund	<u>167,993</u>
	<u>\$ 1,567,993</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the General Fund to the funds that will expend them in accordance with the budget and to use unrestricted revenues collected or resources in the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 9 – Risk Management:

The District is exposed, as are all entities, to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; illness and injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District carries commercial insurance for risks of loss related to property and casualty liabilities. The District also carries health insurance for all eligible employees.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District has joined together with similar public agencies, under the Nevada Interlocal Cooperation Act to create an intergovernmental self-insured association for Workers' Compensation insurance, the PACT. The District pays premiums based on payroll costs to the PACT. The PACT is considered a self-sustaining pool that will provide coverage based on established statutory limits.

NOTE 10 – Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan (OPEB):

Plan Descriptions

The District contributes to a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan, the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District Health Insurance Benefit Plan (the District's Plan). The District's Plan is administered through the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District OPEB Trust. The measurement focus of this plan is its net OPEB liability. The District's Plan will issue a publicly available financial report, when available. More information can be obtained by contacting the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District business office.

NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

The District also provides OPEB for certain former employees through the Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Plan (PEBP), an agent multiple employer defined benefit plan. PEBP is administered by the State of Nevada, and as such, no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75. The measurement focus of PEBP is the total OPEB liability associated with participating former District employees. No separate financial reports are issued.

Benefit Provisions and Contributions (District Plan)

Benefit provisions for the District's plan are established pursuant to NRS 287.023 and can be amended by the District's Board of Directors. Benefit provisions for PEBP are established pursuant to NRS 287.023 and subject to amendment through legislation by the State of Nevada, each biennium. The District's plan provides medical, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits to eligible retired District employees and beneficiaries.

Employees must have at least fifteen years of full-time service to be eligible for benefits and must be at least 50 years of age. Employees who separate from the District with at least fifteen years of service may activate this benefit upon attainment of age 50. The District pays the entire cost of retiree health benefits for retirees, their spouses and their dependent children for employees hired prior to March 1, 2012. The coverage is provided until the employee and/or their spouse attain Medicare eligibility, and/or the children are no longer dependents as defined by the health insurance plan. For employees hired on or after March 1, 2012, the District will pay 65% of the premiums for the retiree until they attain Medicare eligibility.

Under state law, retiree loss experience is pooled with active loss experience for the purpose of setting rates. The difference between the true premium cost and the blended premium is an implicit rate subsidy that creates an OPEB cost for the District. The District's contribution requirements for retirees relate to the implicit subsidy that results from using the blended rates, as well as the percentage of pay-as-you-go premiums and is determined in actuarial studies contracted by the District.

Contribution requirements of the District's Plan may be amended through negotiations between the District and the employee associations. The contribution to the OPEB Trust is determined by the collective bargaining agreement and requires a minimum amount of \$25,200 be contributed. The District may contribute additional amounts based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements and actuarial studies contracted for by the District. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District contributed \$691,366 to the OPEB trust and paid \$463,315 in pay-as-you-go premiums to benefit the District's Plan.

Benefit Provisions and Contributions (PEBP)

PEBP provides medical, prescription, vision, life and accident insurance, and dental for retirees. Retirees can choose between a self-funded preferred provider organization (PPO) and a health maintenance organization (HMO) plan. Retirees are responsible for payment of unsubsidized premiums. The District is required to provide a subsidy for their retirees who have elected to join PEBP. Contribution requirements for plan members and the participating employers are assessed by the PEBP Board annually. The contributions required for PEBP subsidies depends on the date of retirement and years of PERS service former employees earned in total and while working for the

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018**

District. The subsidy ranges from a minimum of \$6 to a maximum of \$266 per month. Subsidies for retiree premiums participating in PEBP are paid directly to the State when due. The District's obligation for subsidies is limited to payment of the statutorily required contribution. The statutes were revised with an effective date of November 30, 2008, to create new participation limitation so that only active members of PEBP can elect coverage after retirement. Based on the statute revision, former District employees and retirees must have retired and joined PEBP by September 1, 2008 to elect PEBP membership. Consequently, no employees retiring from the District on or after September 1, 2008 will be eligible to participate in the PEBP plan as a retiree at the District's expense.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	<u>District Plan</u>	<u>PEBP</u>	<u>Total</u>
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	44	4	48
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-	-	-
Active employees	64	-	64
	<u>108</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>112</u>

OPEB Liability

The District's Plan net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. PEBP's total liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	<u>District Plan</u>	<u>PEBP</u>
Salary increases	Ranges from 14.3% with less than one year of service to 4.6% with 13 or more years of service.	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Healthcare inflation rate	8.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate after 2074. Based on the Getzen Model. Dental and vision cost assumed at 3.0% per year.	8.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate after 2074. Based on the Getzen Model. Dental and vision cost assumed at 3.0% per year.
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables adjusted to reflect Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2017 from the 2006 base year, and projected forward on a generational basis.

NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on expectations of NLTFPD regarding its workforce, demographic pattern for similar safety groups, and actuarial judgment. NLTFPD and the actuary monitor assumptions and experience with every valuation and make adjustments to assumptions as needed as experience emerges.

The long-term expected rate of return of 7.00%, net of investment expenses, was based on the investment policy of the State of Nevada's Retiree Benefits Investment Fund (RBIF), where the District's Plan invests its assets to fund the OPEB liability. The rate is derived from RBIF's investment policy (shown in the table below), and includes a 2.50% long-term inflation assumption.

Asset Class	Asset Allocation
Foreign Developed Equity	21.00%
U.S. Fixed Income	30.00%
U.S. Large Cap Equity	49.00%

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for both plans was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal or exceeding the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liabilities.

Changes in OPEB Liabilities

	District Plan - Increase / (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$ 7,899,306	\$ 505,222	\$ 7,394,084
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	250,647	-	250,647
Interest on the total OPEB liability	548,689	-	548,689
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between actual and expected experience with regard to economic or demographic factors	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(629,708)	(629,708)	-
Contributions from employer	-	855,108	(855,108)
Net investment income	-	82,937	(82,937)
Administrative expense	-	-	-
Net changes	169,628	308,337	(138,709)
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$ 8,068,934	\$ 813,559	\$ 7,255,375

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018**

	PEBP Increase (Decrease)
	Total OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$ 127,903
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	-
Interest on the total OPEB liability	8,881
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between actual and Expected experience with regard to economic or demographic factors	-
Changes of assumptions	-
Benefit payments	(6,178)
Other changes	-
Net changes	2,703
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$ 130,606

The OPEB liability of both plans as of June 30, 2017 is \$7,385,981.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the OPEB liabilities of the plans, as well as what each plan's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
District's Plan - Net OPEB Liability	\$ 7,850,404	\$ 7,255,375	\$ 6,717,390
PEBP - Total OPEB Liability	141,317	130,606	120,922
OPEB Liability	\$ 7,991,721	\$ 7,385,981	\$ 6,838,312

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018**

The following presents the OPEB liabilities of the plans, as well as what each plan's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (7.0% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.0% decreasing to 5.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (7.0% decreasing to 3.5%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (8.0% decreasing to 4.5%)	1% Increase (9.0% decreasing to 5.5%)
District's Plan - Net OPEB Liability	\$ 6,620,242	\$ 7,255,375	\$ 7,981,231
PEBP - Total OPEB Liability	<u>119,173</u>	<u>130,606</u>	<u>143,672</u>
OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 6,739,415</u>	<u>\$ 7,385,981</u>	<u>\$ 8,124,903</u>

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the OPEB plan fiduciary net position will be available in a separately issued North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District OPEB Trust financial report. The audit of the OPEB Trust is currently in progress.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$757,133:

District Plan	\$ 748,252
PEBP	<u>8,881</u>
	<u>\$ 757,133</u>

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018**

At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	District Plan		PEBP	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$ -	\$ 31,853	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	1,154,681	-	7,125	-
Total	\$ 1,154,681	\$ 31,853	\$ 7,125	\$ -

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	District Plan	PEBP	Total
2019	\$ (7,963)	\$ -	\$ (7,963)
2020	(7,963)	-	(7,963)
2021	(7,963)	-	(7,963)
2022	(7,964)	-	(7,964)

NOTE 11 – Tax Abatements

Consolidated sales taxes collected in Nevada are partially allocated to local governments in accordance with the distribution formulas established by Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS). The State of Nevada has entered into various tax abatement agreements which have reduced fiscal year 2018 intergovernmental revenues of the District by \$108,661.

State of Nevada Tax Abatements

Aviation Tax Abatement (NRS 360.753)	\$ 3,114
Data Centers Abatement (NRS 360.754)	43,248
Local Sales and Use Tax Abatement*	62,242
Renewable Energy Abatement (NRS 701A.370)	57

*Local Sales and Use Tax is a component of the State's Standard Tax Abatement (NRS 360.750).

NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 – Commitments and Contingencies

There are various lawsuits with property owners disputing the Assessor's valuation methods used for property within the Lake Tahoe Basin, which may ultimately impact the District. The outcome of the disputes is not presently determinable.

NOTE 13 – Restatements

Adoption of a New Standard

As of July 1, 2017, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The implementation of this standard replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, and requires governments to calculate and report the cost and obligations associated with other postemployment benefits other than pensions in their financial statements, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. Beginning net position was restated to retroactively remove the prior OPEB liability reported under GASB Statement No. 45 and adopt the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 to report the beginning OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the measurement date.

Correction of Errors

During 2018, the District identified misstatements in the June 30, 2017 financial statements related to the determination or classification of payments to satisfy employee contribution requirements in the adoption, as of July 1, 2016, of GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – An amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*. Based on the restated Schedule of Employer Allocations for GASB 82 implementation provided by the Public Employee's Retirement System of Nevada (PERS), the beginning net position was restated as of July 1, 2017 to report the previous overstatement of the balances reported for deferred outflows of resources (net pension related) at June 30, 2017.

During 2018, the District identified misstatements in the June 30, 2017 financial statements related to the recognition of receivables due from the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District OPEB Trust. Based on these misstatements, beginning net position was restated as of July 1, 2017 to report the previous understatement of the balances reported for accounts receivable at June 30, 2017.

The following summarizes the effect of the restatements:

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business- Type Activities</u>	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Ambulance Fund</u>
Net position/fund balance at June 30, 2017, as previously reported	\$ (1,192,559)	\$(1,104,944)	\$8,097,837	\$(1,104,944)
GASB 82:				
Restatement of deferred outflows of resources, net pension related amounts	(1,121,890)	(197,980)	-	(197,980)
GASB 75:				
Remove previous reported OPEB liability reported under GASB Statement No. 45	3,292,375	-	-	-
Addition of OPEB liability under GASB Statement No. 75	(7,521,987)	-	-	-
Addition of deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made during the year	723,078	-	-	-
	(3,506,534)	-	-	-
OPEB Trust:				
Recognition of amounts due from the OPEB Trust	252,197	-	252,197	-
Net position/fund balance at July 1, 2017, as restated	<u>\$ (5,568,786)</u>	<u>\$(1,302,924)</u>	<u>\$8,350,034</u>	<u>\$(1,302,924)</u>

NOTE 14 – Subsequent Events

Effective July 1, 2018, the District entered into a new collective bargaining agreement that changes the benefits provided for employees on the District’s Retiree Health Benefit Plan. These new provisions may have a significant impact on OPEB related amounts.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017)
(1 of 2)**

	Budget Amounts		2018		2017
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem					
Real and personal property	\$ 8,726,876	\$ 8,726,876	\$ 8,709,331	\$ (17,545)	\$ 8,388,660
Intergovernmental:					
State shared revenues					
Consolidated tax revenue	3,168,380	3,168,380	3,828,914	660,534	3,619,224
AB 104, fair share	593,835	593,835	681,530	87,695	638,005
Federal and state grants	-	-	458,629	458,629	186,239
	3,762,215	3,762,215	4,969,073	1,206,858	4,443,468
Miscellaneous:					
Interest	15,000	15,000	82,568	67,568	27,814
Fire suppression reimbursement and other	3,135,707	3,135,707	3,003,947	(131,760)	3,135,962
	3,150,707	3,150,707	3,086,515	(64,192)	3,163,776
Total Revenues	15,639,798	15,639,798	16,764,919	1,125,121	15,995,904
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety:					
Fire:					
Salaries and wages	7,001,268	7,001,268	7,045,899	(44,631)	6,463,208
Employee benefits:					
Retirement	2,134,008	2,134,008	1,912,353	221,655	1,817,678
Group medical insurance	1,041,338	1,041,338	1,090,464	(49,126)	1,078,034
Retiree medical	722,409	722,409	698,491	23,918	722,878
Industrial insurance	636,291	636,291	509,283	127,008	537,181
Clothing allowance	31,200	31,200	30,148	1,052	26,150
Medicare portion of Social Security	98,981	98,981	100,829	(1,848)	93,285
Unemployment insurance	125,000	125,000	64,284	60,716	114,915
Social Security	38,640	38,640	26,024	12,616	47,866
	4,827,867	4,827,867	4,431,876	395,991	4,437,987
Services and supplies:					
Utilities	117,197	117,197	98,863	18,334	96,571
Telephone	50,981	50,981	46,239	4,742	46,019
Professional services	284,360	284,360	241,176	43,184	275,581
Membership and meetings	4,448	4,448	4,110	338	7,444

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017)
(2 of 2)**

	Budget Amounts		2018		2017
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts
Services and supplies (continued):					
Training	\$ 95,422	\$ 95,422	\$ 68,175	\$ 27,247	\$ 45,294
Public education supplies	10,500	10,500	11,127	(627)	9,326
Dispatch	231,000	231,000	231,000	-	231,000
District insurance	138,938	138,938	127,433	11,505	114,535
Vehicle repairs and maintenance	221,340	221,340	204,279	17,061	228,799
Equipment supplies	80,836	80,836	66,778	14,058	69,486
Radio and alarm	45,000	45,000	43,854	1,146	24,155
Operational expense	20,674	20,674	11,912	8,762	14,120
Station supplies	10,175	10,175	12,255	(2,080)	14,395
Publications and subscriptions	2,816	2,816	275	2,541	194
Physical fitness	44,250	44,250	27,537	16,713	31,391
Postage	5,200	5,200	4,070	1,130	5,258
Reimbursable expenditures	134,548	134,548	71,278	63,270	253,588
CPR/FACTS	24,000	24,000	30,176	(6,176)	28,760
Employee recognition	12,269	12,269	6,922	5,347	10,407
Office supplies	10,960	10,960	8,548	2,412	12,996
Special clothing and gear	95,275	95,275	51,990	43,285	86,915
Building repairs and maintenance	169,928	169,928	139,859	30,069	225,181
Interest expense	1,250,000	1,250,000	-	1,250,000	-
Real property tax refunds	1,800,000	1,800,000	-	1,800,000	-
	4,860,117	4,860,117	1,507,856	3,352,261	1,831,415
Total Expenditures	16,689,252	16,689,252	12,985,631	3,703,621	12,732,610
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,049,454)	(1,049,454)	3,779,288	4,828,742	3,263,294
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Contingency	(100,000)	(100,000)	-	100,000	-
Transfers out	(1,400,000)	(1,400,000)	(1,400,000)	-	(2,134,255)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	(1,400,000)	100,000	(2,134,255)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,549,454)	(2,549,454)	2,379,288	4,928,742	1,129,039
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS ORIGINALLY REPORTED	7,451,193	7,451,193	8,097,837	646,644	6,968,798
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	-	-	252,197	252,197	-
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	7,451,193	7,451,193	8,350,034	898,841	6,968,798
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 4,901,739	\$ 4,901,739	\$ 10,729,322	\$ 5,827,583	\$ 8,097,837

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of Changes in the District's OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Last 10 Fiscal Years**

North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District Health Benefits Plan (District Plan):

	2017
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 250,647
Interest	548,689
Benefit payments	(629,708)
Net change in total OPEB liability	169,628
Total OPEB liability - beginning	7,899,306
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 8,068,934
Plan fiduciary net position	
Employer contributions	\$ 855,108
Net investment income	82,937
Benefit payments	(629,708)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	308,337
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	505,222
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 813,559
District Plan net OPEB liability -ending (a) - (b)	\$ 7,255,375
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	10.08%
Covered-employee payroll	6,402,732
District's Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	113.32%

Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Plan (PEBP):

	2017
Total OPEB liability	
Interest	\$ 8,881
Benefit payments	(6,178)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,703
Total OPEB liability - beginning	127,903
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 130,606

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75 for PEBP.

The District adopted GASB 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for the year ended June 30, 2018. Information is not available prior to that time.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of District Contributions - OPEB
Last 10 Fiscal Years**

North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District Health Benefits Plan (District Plan):

	2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 882,177
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	855,108
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 27,069
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,402,732
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.36%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: July 1, 2017, rolled backward to June 30, 2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution amount:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Healthcare inflation rate	8.0% initial, 4.50% ultimate
Salary increases	Ranges from 14.3% with less than one year of service to 4.6% with 13 or more years of service
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense
Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Tables adjusted to reflect Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2017 from the 2006 base year, and projected forward on a generational basis

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75 for PEBP.

The District adopted GASB 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for the year ended June 30, 2018. Information is not available prior to that time.

The schedule reports information by the fiscal year of the measurement date as that is when information is available.

NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS)
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
District's portion of net the pension liability	0.11717%	0.10941%	0.11230%	0.10800%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 15,583,104	\$ 14,722,931	\$ 12,868,725	\$ 11,255,393
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,772,945	\$ 4,827,941	\$ 4,740,506	\$ 4,405,244
Districts' proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	269.93%	304.95%	271.46%	255.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.42%	72.23%	75.13%	76.31%

GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until ten years of data is available, the District will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the District Contributions - Pension
Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS)
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Statutorily required contribution*	\$ 1,103,370	\$ 1,051,687	\$ 927,603	\$ 866,686
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,103,370	\$ 1,051,687	\$ 927,603	\$ 866,686
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 6,019,370	\$ 5,772,945	\$ 4,827,941	\$ 4,740,506
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.33%	18.22%	19.21%	18.28%

GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until ten years of data is available, the District will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Changes in assumptions include changes in the inflation rate and consumer price index from 3.50% to 2.75%, changes in the investment rate of return from 8.00% to 7.50%, changes in the productivity pay increase from 0.75% to 0.50%, and changes in the projected salary increases. In addition, the mortality rates are now based on the Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Mortality Tables rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables.

*All contributions shown reflect employer-paid contributions only. Member contributions are excluded. Prior values are restated due to GASB No. 82, which classifies contributions as member contributions for the purposes of GASB No. 68 if they are made by an employer to satisfy what are actually deemed to be member contribution requirements.

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017)**

	2018				2017
	Budget Amount		Actual	Variance	Actual
	Original	Final			
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service:					
Principal	\$ 426,000	\$ 426,000	\$ 426,000	\$ -	\$ 415,000
Interest	76,993	76,993	76,993	-	87,081
Total Expenditures	<u>502,993</u>	<u>502,993</u>	<u>502,993</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>502,081</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(502,993)	(502,993)	(502,993)	-	(502,081)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	494,182
Net Change in Fund Balances	(502,993)	(502,993)	(502,993)	-	(7,899)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>502,993</u>	<u>502,993</u>	<u>502,993</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>510,892</u>
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 502,993</u></u>

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017)**

	2018				2017
	Budget Amount		Actual	Variance	Actual
	Original	Final			
REVENUES					
Miscellaneous:					
Other	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ -	\$ 40,000
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	354,474	354,474	149,506	204,968	285,888
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(314,474)	(314,474)	(109,506)	204,968	(245,888)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	340,073
Transfers out	-	-	(167,993)	(167,993)	(240,581)
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	23,757
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	(167,993)	(167,993)	123,249
Net Change in Fund Balances	(314,474)	(314,474)	(277,499)	36,975	(122,639)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	607,403	607,403	459,615	(147,788)	582,254
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 292,929</u>	<u>\$ 292,929</u>	<u>\$ 182,116</u>	<u>\$ (110,813)</u>	<u>\$ 459,615</u>

**NORTH LAKE TAHOE FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
ENTERPRISE FUND - AMBULANCE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018
(WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017)**

	2018				2017
	Budget Amount		Actual	Variance	Actual
	Original	Final			
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Public safety:					
Ambulance	\$ 502,157	\$ 502,157	\$ 582,744	\$ 80,587	\$ 584,405
GEMT Cost Settlement	-	-	180,788	180,788	-
Other	70,725	70,725	77,556	6,831	41,034
Total Operating Revenues	<u>572,882</u>	<u>572,882</u>	<u>841,088</u>	<u>268,206</u>	<u>625,439</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Public safety:					
Ambulance:					
Salaries and wages	822,068	822,068	941,552	(119,484)	837,942
Employee benefits	541,334	541,334	622,848	(81,514)	560,384
Services and supplies	680,452	680,452	507,269	173,183	472,336
Depreciation	82,567	82,567	163,460	(80,893)	121,156
Total Operating Expenses	<u>2,126,421</u>	<u>2,126,421</u>	<u>2,235,129</u>	<u>(108,708)</u>	<u>1,991,818</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>(1,553,539)</u>	<u>(1,553,539)</u>	<u>(1,394,041)</u>	<u>159,498</u>	<u>(1,366,379)</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
Interest revenue	744	744	610	(134)	807
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	3,871	3,871	1,892
Insurance recovery	-	-	-	-	82,943
Grant revenue	-	-	49,180	49,180	86,736
Total Nonoperating Revenues	<u>744</u>	<u>744</u>	<u>53,661</u>	<u>52,917</u>	<u>172,378</u>
Income (Loss) before Transfers	<u>(1,552,795)</u>	<u>(1,552,795)</u>	<u>(1,340,380)</u>	<u>212,415</u>	<u>(1,194,001)</u>
TRANSFERS					
Transfers in	<u>1,400,000</u>	<u>1,400,000</u>	<u>1,567,993</u>	<u>167,993</u>	<u>1,540,581</u>
Changes in Net Position	<u>\$ (152,795)</u>	<u>\$ (152,795)</u>	<u>227,613</u>	<u>\$ 380,408</u>	<u>346,580</u>
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS ORIGINALLY STATED			(1,104,944)		(1,451,524)
RESTATEMENT			<u>(197,980)</u>		<u>-</u>
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED			<u>(1,302,924)</u>		<u>(1,451,524)</u>
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR			<u>\$ (1,075,311)</u>		<u>\$ (1,104,944)</u>



Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors
North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District
Incline Village, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as Finding 2018-A to be material a weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Reno, Nevada
November 30, 2018



Auditor's Comments

To the Board of Directors
North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District
Incline Village, Nevada

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, except as noted, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the specific requirements of Nevada Revised Statutes cited below. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the requirements of Nevada Revised Statutes cited below, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

Current Year Statute Compliance

The District conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year as noted in Note 2 of the accompanying financial statements.

Progress on Prior Year Statute Compliance

The District has arranged for audits of the North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District Post-employment Plan and Trust.

Prior Year Recommendations

The prior year finding 2017-A was corrected.

Current Year Recommendations

The current year finding is included in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Reno, Nevada
November 30, 2018

